

SAFETY DATA SHEET Tensorgrip M30 Infusion Molding Adhesive

1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name Tensorgrip M30 Infusion Molding Adhesive

Product number USA

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Canister Spray Adhesive

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Quin Global

5710 F St (402) 731 3636 (402) 731 1473

marketing.us@quin-global.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Chemtrec: 1 800 424 9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Flam. Aerosol 1 - H222 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Repr. 2 -

H361f STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Human health The liquid may be irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Headache. Dizziness. Nausea, vomiting.

Label elements

Pictogram









Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/ doctor.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 Call a poison center/ doctor if you feel unwell.

Supplemental label

information

AT(o) 15.0% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity.

Contains Methyl Acetate, n-Hexane, Propane, Isobutane

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Methyl Acetate	30-60%
CAS number: 79-20-9	
Classification	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Acute Tox. 4 - H312	
Acute Tox. 4 - H332	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	

n-Hexane 10-30%

CAS number: 110-54-3 M factor (Acute) = 1

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225
Acute Tox. 4 - H302
Acute Tox. 4 - H312
Acute Tox. 4 - H332
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319
Repr. 2 - H361f
STOT SE 3 - H336
STOT RE 2 - H373
Unknown Classification
Unknown Classification

Isobutane 10-30%

CAS number: 75-28-5

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220

Press. Gas, Compressed - H280

Unknown Classification

Propane 10-30%

CAS number: 74-98-6

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220

Press. Gas, Liquefied - H280

Acute Tox. 4 - H332

Simple Asphyxiant - USH03

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information Remove affected person from source of contamination. Place unconscious person on their

side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any

discomfort continues.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person

by administering oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Do not induce vomiting. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

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Skin Contact Remove affected person from source of contamination. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Only remove contact lenses if the

person is conscious, coherent and they can remove them themselves If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches,

dizziness and nausea. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the

concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose,

throat and airway. Coughing. Headache.

Ingestion Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Gastrointestinal

symptoms, including upset stomach. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation and

redness, followed by blurred vision.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above 50°C/120°F Containers

can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source

of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Hydrocarbons Aldehydes. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions For personal protection, see Section 8. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of

ignition near spillage.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-

combustible material.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Stop leak if possible without risk. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide

adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Container must be kept tightly closed when not in use. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the

ground.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the

original container. Pressurized container: Must not be exposed to temperatures above

50°C/120°F

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

8. Exposure Controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Methyl Acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 200 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 250 ppm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 200 ppm 610 mg/m³

n-Hexane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 50 ppm

Sk

Ceiling Value: OSHA_TRANS 500 ppm 1800 mg/m³

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 50 ppm 180 mg/m³

Isobutane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 1000 ppm

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health 800 ppm 1900 mg/m³

Propane

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health 1800 mg/m³ 1000 ppm Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 1800 ppm 1000 mg/m³

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

Exposure controls

Protective equipment





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Appropriate engineering

controls

This product must not be handled in a confined space without adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists. As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust,

fumes, gas, vapor or mist.

Eye/face protection Wear chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection Use protective gloves.

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapor contact.

Hygiene measures DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA! Wash hands at the end of each work shift and before

eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. When using do not

eat, drink or smoke.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended

occupational exposure limit. If exposure levels are likely to be exceeded, use a half face mask fitted with an organic vapor filter for short term low level exposures. For long term or high level

exposures, a supplied air respirator should be used.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Color Red.

Odor Strong.

Flash point -104°C/-156°F

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 1.8 g/100 g Upper flammable/explosive limit: 18 g/100 g

Vapor density > 1

Relative density .852

Solubility(ies) Negligibly soluble in water

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 340 g/l.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials:

Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Hydrocarbons.

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 844.66

Acute toxicity - dermal

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 2,186.18

Acute toxicity - inhalation

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 30,000.0 ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 16.84

Toxicological information on ingredients.

Methyl Acetate

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

5,000.0

Species

Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg)

500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species

Rat

ATE dermal (mg/kg)

1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

49.28

Species

Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

11.0

n-Hexane

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

25,000.0

Species

Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg)

500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 2,000.0

mg/kg)

Species

Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg)

1,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50 vapours mg/l)

Species

Rat

171.6

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ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

11.0

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Suspected of damaging fertility.

fertility

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Target organs Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Target organs Central nervous system

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical

pneumonitis.

General information After absorption. Tiredness. Narcosis. After long term exposure to the chemical:

CNS disorders, paralysis symptoms. (It generally applies to aliphatic hydrocarbons

with 6 - 18 carbon atoms that they cause pneumonia, in some cases also

pulmonary edema, upon direct inhalation, i.e. in conditions that can occur only in very special circumstances (nebulizations, spraying, inhalation of aerosols and similar.)) Absorbtion of large quantities may cause: Narcosis. Possible risk of

adverse reproductive effects.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Vapors irritate the respiratory system.

Ingestion Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting.

Skin Contact The product is irritating to eyes and skin.

Eye contact Risk of corneal clouding.

Route of entry Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs Eyes Skin Respiratory system, lungs Central nervous system Peripheral nervous

system

Isobutane

Toxicological effects No information available.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Does not contain any substances known to be carcinogenic.

Inhalation Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard

Skin Contact Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in

contact with skin.

Eye contact Spray will evaporate and cool quickly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in

contact with skin.

Propane

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC₅₀ gases ppmV)

Species Rat

Acute toxicity inhalation

1,442.0

1.442.0

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

4,500.0

ATE inhalation (vapours

11.0

mg/l)

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Other adverse effects

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

14. Transport information

Air transport notes Cargo aircraft only. <75kg

UN Number

UN No. (TDG) 3501 UN No. (ICAO) 3501 3501

UN No. (DOT)

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG) Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S.

Chemical Under Pressure, Flammable, N.O.S. Proper shipping name (DOT)

Transport hazard class(es)

TDG class 2

TDG label(s) 2.1

Transport labels



Packing group

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user

15. Regulatory information

International Regulations

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

Present.

n-Hexane

Final CERCLA RQ: 5000(2270) pounds (Kilograms)

SARA 313 Emission Reporting

Present.

n-Hexane

SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

Present.

Isobutane

Fire

Pressure

Hazard

Propane

Yes.

Methyl Acetate

Fire

Acute

Chronic

Health hazard

n-Hexane

Acute

Chronic

Health hazard

Fire

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or any other reproductive harm.

Isobutane

n-Hexane

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

Present.

Isobutane

Propane

Methyl Acetate

n-Hexane

New Jersey "Right To Know" List

Present.

Isobutane

Propane

Methyl Acetate

n-Hexane

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

Present.

Isobutane

Propane

Methyl Acetate

n-Hexane

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

Present.

Propane

DSL Present.

Methyl Acetate

Present.

n-Hexane

DSL

US - TSCA

Present.

Propane

Methyl Acetate

16. Other information

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SDS No. 20381

Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
USH03 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

ACA HMIS Health rating. Moderate hazard. (2)

ACA HMIS Flammability

rating.

Ignites easily. (3)

ACA HMIS Physical hazard

rating.

Normally stable. (0)

ACA HMIS Personal

protection rating.

В

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